2024 Consumer Confidence Report for Public Water System NORTH KAUFMAN WSC

This is your water quality report for January 1 to December 31, 2024

NORTH KAUFMAN WSC provides surface water from Lake Lavon-City of Kaufman Lake Tawakoni-City of Terrell located in Kaufman County.

For more information regarding this report contact:

Name Greg Perkins/General Manager

Phone 972-962.7614

Este reporte incluye información importante sobre el agua para tomar. Para asistencia en español, favor de llamar al telefono (972) 962 - 7614.

Definitions and Abbreviations

Definitions and Abbreviations

Action Level:

Level 1 Assessment:

AVE

Level 2 Assessment:

The following tables contain scientific terms and measures, some of which may require explanation.

The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Regulatory compliance with some MCLs are based on running annual average of monthly samples.

A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our

The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology. and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions. A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred

The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal or MCLG:

Maximum residual disinfectant level or MRDL:

Maximum Contaminant Level or MCL:

The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial

Maximum residual disinfectant level goal or MRDLG: The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to

million fibers per liter (a measure of asbestos)

millirems per year (a measure of radiation absorbed by the body)

not applicable.

nephelometric turbidity units (a measure of turbidity)

picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity)

mrem: na: NTU PCi/L

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Definitions and Abbreviations

ppb: micrograms per liter or parts per billion
ppm: milligrams per liter or parts per million

ppq parts per quadrillion, or picograms per liter (pg/L)

ppt parts per trillion, or nanograms per liter (ng/L)

Treatment Technique or TT: A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water

Information about your Drinking Water

or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land

Hotline at (800) 426-4791 necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPAs Safe Drinking Water Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife
- and gas production, mining, or farming Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil
- Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses
- from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come
- Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities

regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA

Contaminants may be found in drinking water that may cause taste, color, or odor problems. These types of problems are not necessarily causes for health concerns. For more information on taste, odor, or color of drinking water, please contact the system's business office

steroids; and people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, can be particularly at risk from infections. You should seek advice about drinking water from your immunocompromised persons such as those undergoing chemotherapy for cancer; persons who have undergone organ transplants; those who are undergoing treatment with Hotline (800-426-4791). physician or health care providers. Additional guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium are available from the Safe Drinking Water You may be more vulnerable than the general population to certain microbial contaminants, such as Cryptosporidium, in drinking water. Infants, some elderly, or

components associated with service lines and home plumbing. We are responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but we cannot control the variety of materials used If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and North Kaufman WSC lead service line inventory can be found at https://northkaufmanwsc.com/lead-and-copper. methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. Additional information on the before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes

Information about Source Water

system contact Greg Perkins, 972-962.7614. source based on human activities and natural conditions. The system(s) from which we purchase our water received the assessment report. For more information on source water assessments and protection efforts at our TCEQ completed a Source Water Susceptibility for all drinking water systems that own their sources. This report describes the susceptibility and types of constituents that may come into contact with the drinking water NORTH KAUFMAN WSC purchases water from the CITY OF KAUFMAN and the CITY OF TERRELL which provides surface water from Lake Lavon and Lake Tawakoni located in Kaufman County.

Lead and Copper D	ate Sampled	MCLG	Action Level (AL)	90th Percentile # Sites Over	# Sites Over AL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Copper	08/29/2022	1.3	1.3	0.203	0	ppm	z	Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives; Corrosion of household plumbing

2024 Water Quality Test Results

Disinfection By-Products	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Individual Samples	WCTG	WCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination

Halloacetic Acids (HAAS)	2024	7.4	0.3 - 20.4	total	8	, spec	by produce of armining water and are
*The value in the Highest Level or Average Detected column is the highest average of all HAAS sample results collected at a location over a		100					
	Average Detected co	plumn is the highest a	verage of all HAA5 san	mple results collected	at a location over a	year	

*The value in the Highest Level or Average Detected column is the highest average of all TTHM sample results collected at a location over a year

Inorganic Contaminants Co	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Individual Samples	WCTG	WCL	Units	Violation	Violation Likely Source of Contamination
Nitrate [measured as Nitrogen]	2024	0.335	0.335 - 0.335	10	10	ppm	z	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits.

Disinfectant Residual

A blank disinfectant residual table has been added to the CCR template, you will need to add data to the fields. Your data can be taken off the Disinfectant Level Quarterly Operating Reports (DLQOR).

Disinfectant Residual	Year	Average Level	Range of Levels Detected	MRDL	MRDLG	Unit of Measure	Violation (Y/N)	Violation (Y/N) Source in Drinking Water
Chloramines	2024	1.95	0.9-3.5	4	4	ppm	z	Water additive used to control microbe

5/13/2025

NTMWD Tawakoni Water Treatment Plants Water Quality Data for Year 2024

		The State of State of	Cal	form Bact	eria	HE WARTE		
Maximum Contaminant Level Goal		form Maximum	Highest No. of Positive	Fecal Coliform or E. Coli Maximum Contaminant Level	Total Pos E. Coli Col	No. of sitive or Fecal liform	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
0	1 positive	monthly sample	0.00	0		0	No	Naturally present in the environment.
NOTE: Reported monthly tests	found no feca	coliform bacteria. Co	oliforms are bacteria that are	naturally prese	nt in the e	nvironment	and are used	as an indicator that other,
otentially harmful bacteria ma	y be present.				-			ALTONIA (NASANJA)
September 1991			Market Street, Address	ted Contar	ninant	SHIPME	maritime.	
Disinfection By- Products	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Total Haloacetic Acids (HAA5)	2024	26.70	11.9 - 26.7	No goal for the total	60	ppb	No	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM)	2024	56.00	23.4 - 56.0	No goal for the total	80	ppb	No	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Bromate	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	5	10	ppb	No	By-product of drinking water ozonation.
OTE: Not all sample results ampling should occur in the fu	may have been	used for calculating	the Highest Level Detected b	ecause some r	esults ma	y be part of	an evaluation	to determine where compliance
ampling should occur in the fu	Collection	Highest Level	Range of Levels	sung, For Bron		Marice is the		
Inorganic Contaminants	Date	Detected	Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Antimony	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	6	6	ppb	No	Discharge from petroleum refineries; fire retardants; ceramics; electronics; solder; and test addition.
Arsenic	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	0	10	ppb	No	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes.
Barium	2024	0.073	0.073 - 0.073	2	2	ppm	No	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits.
Beryllium	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	4	4	ppb	No	Discharge from metal refineries and coal-burning factories; discharge from electrical, aerospace, and defense industries.
Cadmlum	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	5	5	ppb	No	Corrosion of galvanized pipes; erosion of natural depos discharge from metal refinerles; runoff from waste batteries and paints.
Chromium	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	100	100	ppb	No	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits.
Cyanide	2024	53.9	53.9 - 53.9	200	200	ppb	No	Discharge from steel/metal factories; Discharge from plastics and fertilizer factories.
Fluoride	2024	0.489	0.489 - 0.489	4	4	ppm	No	Erosion of natural deposits, water additive which promo strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.
Mercury	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	2	2	ppb	No	Erosion of natural deposits; discharge from refineries at factories; runoff from landfills; runoff from cropland,
Nitrate (measured as Nitrogen)	2024	0.172	0.172 - 0.172	10	10	ppm	No	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks; sewage; erosion of natural deposits.
Selenium	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	50	50	ppb	No	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion natural deposits; discharge from mines.
Thallium	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	0.5	2	ppb	No	Discharge from electronics, glass, and leaching from or processing sites; drug factories.
Nitrate Advisory: Nitrate in dri	nking water at may rise quick	levels above 10 ppm ly for short periods of	is a health risk for infants of time because of rainfall or as	ess than six mo gricultural activi	onths of a ty. If you s	ge. High nit are caring fo	rate levels in di or an infant you	should ask advice from your health
care provider. Radioactive	Collection		Range of Levels					
Contaminants	Date	Detected	Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Beta/photon emitters	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	50	pCi/L	No	Decay of natural and man-made deposits.
Gross alpha excluding radon and uranium	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	0	15	pCl/L	No	Erosion of natural deposits.
Radium	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	0	5	pCl/L	No	Erosion of natural deposits.

NTMWD Tawakoni Water Treatment Plants Water Quality Data for Year 2024 (Cont.)

Synthetic organic contaminants including pesticides and herbicides	Collection Date	Highest Level	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
2, 4, 5 - TP (Silvex)	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	50	50	ppb	No	Residue of banned herbicide.
2, 4 - D	2024	Levels lower than	0-0	70	70	ppb	No	Runoff from herbicide used on row crops.
Alachlor	2024	detect level	0-0	0	2	ppb	No	Runoff from herbicide used on row crops.
Aldicarb	2024	detect level Levels lower than	0-0	1	3	ppb	No	Runoff from agricultural pesticide.
Aldicarb Sulfone	2024	detect level Levels lower than	0-0	1	2	ppb	No	Runoff from agricultural pesticide.
Aldicarb Sulfoxide	2024	detect level Levels lower than	0-0	1	4	ppb	No	Runoff from agricultural pesticide.
Atrazine	2024	detect level 0.1	0.1 - 0.1	3	3	ppb	No	Runoff from herbicide used on row crops.
		Levels lower than		0	200		No	Leaching from linings of water storage tanks and
Benzo (a) pyrene	2024	detect level	0-0		-	ppt		distribution lines.
Carbofuran	2024	detect level	0-0	40	40	ppb	No	Leaching of soil furnigant used on rice and alfalfa.
Chlordane	2024	detect level	0-0	0	2	ppb	No	Residue of banned termiticide.
Dalapon	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	200	200	ppb	No	Runoff from herbicide used on rights of way.
Di (2-ethylhexyl) adipate	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	400	400	ppb	No	Discharge from chemical factories.
Di (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	6	ppb	No	Discharge from rubber and chemical factories.
Dibromochloropropane (DBCP)	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	0	200	ppt	No	Runoff / leaching from soil fumigant used on soybeans, cotton, pineapples, and orchards.
Dinoseb	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	7	7	ppb	No	Runoff from herbicide used on soybeans and vegetables.
Endrin	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	2	2	ppb	No	Residue of banned insecticide.
Ethylene dibromide	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	0	50	ppt	No	Discharge from petrolelum refineries.
Heptachlor	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	0	400	ppt	No	Residue of banned termitloide.
Heptachlor epoxide	2024	Levels lower than	0-0	0	200	ppt	No	Breakdown of heptachlor.
Hexachlorobenzene	2024	detect level Levels lower than	0-0	0	1	ppb	No	Discharge from metal refineries and agricultural chemical factories.
Hexachlorocyclopentadien	2024	detect level Levels lower than	0-0	50	50	ppb	No	Discharge from chemical factories.
e Lindane	2024	Levels lower than	0-0	200	200	ppt	No	Runoff / leaching from insecticide used on cattle, lumber,
		detect level Levels lower than		40	40	ppb	No	and gardens. Runoff / leaching from insecticide used on fruits,
Methoxychlor	2024	detect level Levels lower than	0-0	-	-		-	vegetables, alfalfa, and livestock. Runoff / leaching from insecticide used on apples,
Oxamyl [Vydate]	2024	detect level	0-0	200	200	ppb	No	potatoes, and tomatoes.
Pentachlorophenol	2024	detect level	0-0	0	1	ppb	No	Discharge from wood preserving factories.
Picloram	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	500	500	ppb	No	Herbicide runoff.
Simazine	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	4	4	ppb	No	Herbicide runoff.
Toxaphene	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	0	3	ppb	No	Runoff / leaching from insecticide used on cotton and cattle.
Volatile Organic Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
1, 1, 1 - Trichloroethane	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	200	200	ppb	No	Discharge from metal degreasing sites and other factories
1, 1, 2 - Trichloroethane	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	3	5	ppb	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories.
1, 1 - Dichloroethylene	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0.0	7	7	ppb	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories.
1, 2, 4 - Trichlorobenzene	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	70	70	ppb	No	Discharge from textile-finishing factories.
1, 2 - Dichloroethane	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	0	5	ppb	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories.
1, 2 - Dichloropropane	2024	Levels lower than	0-0	0	5	ppb	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories.
Benzene	2024	Levels lower than	0-0	0	5	ppb	No	Discharge from factories; leaching from gas storage tanks and landfills.
	2024	detect level Levels lower than	0-0	0	5	ppb	No	Discharge from chemical plants and other industrial

NTMWD Tawakoni Water Treatment Plants Water Quality Data for Year 2024 (Cont.)

Volatile Organic Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	
Chlorobenzene	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	100	100	ppb	No	Likely Source of Contamination Discharge from chemical and agricultural chemical
Dichloromethane	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	0	5	ppb	No	lactories.
Ethylbenzene	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	0	700	ppb	No	Discharge from pharmaceutical and chemical factories.
Styrene	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	100	100	dqq	No	Discharge from petroleum refineries, Discharge from rubber and plastic factories; leaching fro
Tetrachloroethylene	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	0	5	ppb	No	rangums.
Toluene	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	1	1	ppm	No	Discharge from factories and dry cleaners.
Trichloroethylene	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	0	5	ppb	No	Discharge from petroleum factories.
Vinyl Chloride	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	0	2	ppb	No	Discharge from metal degreasing sites and other factorie Lesching from PVC piping; discharge from plastics
Xylenes	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	10	10	ppm	No	Discharge from petroleum factories: discharge from
cis - 1, 2 - Dichloroethylene	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	70	70	ppb		chemical factories.
o - Dichlorobenzene	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	600	600	ppb		Discharge from industrial chemical factories.
p - Dichlorobenzene	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	75	75	ppb		Discharge from Industrial chemical factories.
trans - 1, 2 - Dicholoroethylene	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	100	100	ppb		Discharge from industrial chemical factories. Discharge from industrial chemical factories.

Turbidity

ghest single measurement	Limit (Treatment Technique)	Level Detected	Violation		Likely Source of Contamination
iest single measurement	1 NTU	0.41	64-		cikely source of Contamination
est monthly percentage (%) meeting limit	0.3 NTU		No	Soil runoff.	
E: Turbidity is a measurement of the cloudiness of the water in filtration.	0.31410	99.4%	No	Soil runoff.	

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level

Disinfectant Type	Year	Average Level	Minimum Level	Maximum Level				
Chlorine Residual			Minimitalii Eevel	revei	MKDL	MRDLG	Units	Source of Chemical
(Chloramines)	2024	3.05	1.00	4.00	4.00	<4.0		
Chlorine Dioxide	2024	0.033			4100	~4,0	ppm	Disinfectant used to control microbes.
Chlorite	2024		- 0	0.68	0.80	0.80	ppm	Disinfectant.
	2024	0.129	0	0.86	1.00	N/A		Disinfectant.

NOTE: Water providers are required to maintain a minimum chlorine disinfe average chlorine disinfection residual level of between 0.5 ppm and 4 ppm.

	Collection	Highest Level	Beauti I		THE RESERVE THE PROPERTY OF TH
	Date	Detected	Range of Levels Detected	Units	
The percentage of Total (Organic Carbon (TOC)	removal was measured each m	nonth and the system met all TO	Olinea	Likely Source of Contamination

NTMWD Tawakoni Water Treatment Plants Water Quality Data for Year 2024 (Cont.)

Lead and Copper

Lead and Copper	Date Sampled	Action Level (AL)	90th Percentile	# Sites Over AL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Lead	6/13/2022	15	0.0018	0	ppb		Erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives; corrosion of household plumbing systems.
Copper	6/13/2022	1.3	0.31	0	ppm	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits.

LEAD AND COPPER RULE: The Lead and Copper Rule protects public health by minimizing lead and copper levels in drinking water, primarily by reducing water corrosivity.

LEAD AND COPPER RULE: The Lead and Copper Rule protects public health by minimizing lead and copper levels in drinking water, primarily by reducing water corrosivity. Lead and Copper enter drinking water mainly from corrosion of plumbing materials containing lead and copper.

ADDITIONAL HEALTH INFORMATION FOR LEAD. If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. [Customer] is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about fead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

Unregulated Contaminants

Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	Units	Likely Source of Contamination
Chloroform	2024	34.9	6.87 - 34.9	ppb	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Bromoform	2024	1.83	<1.00 + 1.83	ppb	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Bromodichloromethane	2024	14.9	8.81 - 14.9	ppb	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Dibromochloromethane	2024	7.09	5.94 - 7.09	ppb	By-product of drinking water disinfection.

NOTE: Bromoform, chloroform, bromodichioromethane, and dibromochloromethane are disinfection by-products. There the entry point to distribution. These contaminants are included in the Disinfection By-Products TTHM compliance data.

Secondary and Other Constituents Not Regulated

Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	Units	Likely Source of Contamination
Aluminum	2024	0.023	0.023 - 0.023	ppm	Erosion of natural deposits.
Calcium	2024	46.8	38.6 - 46.8	ppm	Abundant naturally occurring element.
Chloride	2024	19.2	12.5 - 19.2	ppm	Abundant naturally occurring element; used in water purification; by-product of oil field activity.
Iron	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	ppm	Erosion of natural deposits; iron or steel water delivery equipment or facilities.
Magnesium	2024	2.64	2.64 - 2.64	ppm	Abundant naturally occurring element.
Manganese	2024	0.0085	0.0085 - 0.0085	ppm	Abundant naturally occurring element.
Nickel	2024	0.0043	0.0043 - 0.0043 ppm		Erosion of natural deposits.
рН	2024	8.2	7.3 - 8.2	units	Measure of corrosivity of water,
Silver	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	ppm	Erosion of natural deposits.
Sodium	2024	19.7	14.5 - 19.7	ppm	Erosion of natural deposits; by-product of oil field activity.
Sulfate	2024	78.8	54.0 - 78.8	ppm	Naturally occurring: common industrial by-product; by- product of oil field activity.
Total Alkalinity as CaCO3	2024	86.6	59.2 - 86.6	ppm	Naturally occurring soluble mineral salts.
Total Dissolved Solids	2024	221	168 - 221	ppm	Total dissolved mineral constituents in water.
otal Hardness as CaCO3	2024	127	102 - 127	ppm	Naturally occurring calcium.
Zinc	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	ppm	Moderately abundant naturally occurring element used in the metal industry.

Violations Table

Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation

Unregulated Contaminant Monitoring Rule (UCMR5)

PWSs are required to report UCMR results in the CCR when unregulated contaminants are found (i.e., measured at or above minimum reporting levels [MRLs]), and must report the average and range of the monitoring results for the report year. Additionally, PWSs are required to notify customers through Tier 3 Public Notification (PN) about the availability of all UCMR results no later than 12 months after they are known by the PWS. If timing and delivery requirements are met, systems may include their PN within the CCR, also known as annual drinking water quality report. EPA has resources for PWSs available on the CCR and PN Compliance help webpages.

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Contaminants	Collection	Average Level	Range of Levels	MAL	Onits	Likely Source of Contamination
PFxA(CAS 307-24-4)	2024	0.00766	0.0029		ppb	
PFBS (CAS375-73-5	2024	0.00581	0.0029		ppb	
PFPeA (CAS 2706-90-3)		0.00849	0.0029		ppb	
PFBA (CAS 375-22-4)	2024	0.0108	0.0029		ppb	

Lead Service Line Inventory

North Texas Municipal Water District has completed its service line inventory and determined through field investigations that no lead, galvanized requiring replacement, or lead status unknown service lines are in the system. To view and access the service line inventory, go to https://www.ntmwd.com/200/Water-Quality.

NTMWD Wylie Water Treatment Plants Water Quality Data for Year 2024

		Col	liform Bacte	eria		
Maximum Contaminant Level Goal	Total Coliform Maximum Contaminant Level	Highest No. of Positive	Contaminant	Total No. of Positive E. Coli or Fecal Coliform Samples	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
0	1 positive monthly sample	0.00	0	0	No	Naturally present in the environment.

NOTE: Reported monthly tests found no fecal coliform bacteria. Coliforms are bacteria that are naturally present in the environment and are used as an indicator that other

potentially harmful bacteria may be present.

Regulated Contaminants

Disinfection By-Products	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Total Haloacetic Acids (HAA5)	2024	26.7	11.9 - 26.7	No goal for the total	60	ppb	No	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM)	2024	56	23.4 - 56.0	No goal for the total	80	ppb	No	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Bromate	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	5	10	ppb	1.00	By-product of drinking water ozonation.

NOTE: Not all sample results may have been used for calculating the Highest Level Detected because some results may be part of an evaluation to determine where compliance

sampling should occur in the future. TCEQ only requires one sample annually for compliance testing. For Bromate, compliance is based on the running annual average.

norganic Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Antimony	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	6	6	ppb	No	Discharge from petroleum refineries, fire retardants, ceramics, electronics, solder, and test addition.
Arsenic	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	10	ppb	No	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes.
Barium	2024	0.06	0.04 - 0.06	2	2	ppm	No	Discharge of drilling wastes, discharge from metal refineries erosion of natural deposits.
Beryllium	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	4	4	ppb	No	Discharge from metal refineries and coal-burning factories; discharge from electrical, aerospace, and defense industries
Cadmium	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	5	5	ppb	No	Corrosion of galvanized pipes; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from metal refineries; runoff from waste batteries and paints.
Chromium	2024	1.3	1.3 - 1.3	100	100	ppb	No	Discharge from steel and pulp mills, erosion of natural deposits.
Cyanide	2024	128	28.5 - 128	0-0	200	ppb	No	Discharge from steel/metal factories, Discharge from plastics and fertilizer factories,
Fluoride	2024	0.712	0.316 - 0.712	4	4	ppm	No	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.
Mercury	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	2	2	ppb	No	Erosion of natural deposits; discharge from refineries and factories; runoff from landfills; runoff from cropland.
Nitrate (measured as Nitrogen)	2024	0.926	0.0592 - 0.926	10	10	ppm	No	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks; sewage; erosion of natural deposits.
Selenium	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	50	50	ppb	No	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines.
Thallium	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0.5	2	ppb	No	Discharge from electronics, glass, and leaching from ore- processing sites; drug factories.

Nitrate Advisory: Nitrate in drinking water at levels above 10 ppm is a health risk for infants of less than six months of age. High nitrate levels in drinking water can cause blue baby syndrome. Nitrate levels may rise quickly for short periods of time because of rainfall or agricultural activity. If you are caring for an infant you should ask advice from your health

care provider Range of Levels Radioactive Collection **Highest Level** Units Violation **Likely Source of Contamination** MCLG MCL Date Detected Detected Contaminants Decay of natural and man-made deposits. 50 pCi/L No 5.3 - 5.3 2024 5.3 Beta/photon emitters Levels lower than Gross alpha excluding 0 15 pCi/L Erosion of natural deposits. 2024 0-0 detect level radon and uranium Levels lower than Erosion of natural deposits. 5 pCi/L No 2024 0-0 0 Radium detect level

NTMWD Wylie Water Treatment Plants Water Quality Data for Year 2024 (Cont.)

Sunthatia organia	TAXABLE IN	MUNICIPAL DE LA CONTROL DE			NOT THE		14 () () () () ()	
Synthetic organic contaminants including	Collection	Highest Level	Range of Levels		7/ 准章			
pesticides and herbicides	Date	Detected	Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
2, 4, 5 - TP (Silvex)	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	50	50	ppb	No	Residue of banned herbicide.
2, 4 - D	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	70	70	ppb	No	Runoff from herbicide used on row crops.
Alachlor	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	2	ppb	No	Runoff from herbicide used on row crops.
Aldicarb	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	1	3	ppb	No	Runoff from agricultural pesticide.
Aldicarb Sulfone	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	1	2	ppb	No	Runoff from agricultural pesticide.
Aldicarb Sulfoxide	2022	Levels lower than	0-0	1	4	ppb	No	Runoff from agricultural pesticide.
Atrazine	2024	detect level 0.1	0.1 - 0.1	3	3	ppb	No	Runoff from herbicide used on row crops.
Benzo (a) pyrene	2024	Levels lower than	0 - 0	0	200	ppt	No	Leaching from linings of water storage tanks and distribution lines.
Carbofuran	2022	detect level Levels lower than	0 - 0	40	40	ppb	No	Leaching of soil fumigant used on rice and alfalfa.
Chlordane	2022	detect level Levels lower than	0-0	0	2	ppb	No	Residue of banned termiticide.
Dalapon	2022	detect level Levels lower than	0 - 0	200	200	ppb	No	Runoff from herbicide used on rights of way.
Di (2-ethylhexyl) adipate	2024	detect level Levels lower than	0 - 0	400	400	ppb	No	Discharge from chemical factories,
Di (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	2024	detect level Levels lower than	0 - 0	0	6	ppb	No	Discharge from rubber and chemical factories.
Dibromochloropropane	2022	detect level Levels lower than	0 - 0	0	200	ppt	No	Runoff / leaching from soil fumigant used on soybeans, cotton, pineapples, and orchards.
(DBCP) Dinoseb	2022	detect level Levels lower than	0 - 0	7	7	ppb	No	Runoff from herbicide used on soybeans and vegetables.
Endrin	2024	detect level Levels lower than	0 - 0	2	2	ppb	No	Residue of banned insecticide.
Ethylene dibromide	2022	detect level Levels lower than	0 - 0	0	50	ppt	No	Discharge from petroleium refineries.
	2024	detect level Levels lower than	0-0	0	400	ppt	No	Residue of banned termiticide.
Heptachlor	2024	detect level Levels lower than	0-0	0	200	ppt	No	Breakdown of heptachlor
Heptachlor epoxide		detect level			-			Discharge from metal refineries and agricultural chemical
Hexachlorobenzene	2024	detect level	0 - 0	0	1	ppb	No	factories.
Hexachlorocyclopentadien e	2024	detect level	0 - 0	50	50	ppb	No	Discharge from chemical factories.
Lindane	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	200	200	ppt	No	Runoff / leaching from insecticide used on cattle, lumber, and gardens.
Methoxychlor	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	40	40	ppb	No	Runoff / leaching from insecticide used on fruits, vegetables alfalfa, and livestock.
Oxamyl [Vydate]	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	200	200	ppb	No	Runoff / leaching from insecticide used on apples, potatoes, and tomatoes.
Pentachlorophenol	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	1	ppb	No	Discharge from wood preserving factories
Picloram	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	500	500	ppb	No	Herbicide runoff.
Simazine	2024	0.071	0.071 - 0.071	4	4	ppb	No	Herbicide runoff.
Toxaphene	2024	Levels lower than	0 - 0	0	3	ppb	No	Runoff / leaching from insecticide used on cotton and cattle
Volatile Organic Contaminants	Collection	AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
1, 1, 1 - Trichloroethane	2024	Levels lower than detect level		200	200	ppb	No	Discharge from metal degreasing sites and other factories.
1, 1, 2 - Trichloroethane	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	3	5	ppb	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories.
1, 1 - Dichloroethylene	2024	Levels lower than	0 - 0	7	7	ppb	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories.
1, 1 - Dichioroethylene	2024	detect level		1		1	1	

1, 2,-4 - Trichlorobenzene	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	70	70	ppb	No	Discharge from textile-finishing factories.
1, 2 - Dichloroethane	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	5	ppb	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories.
1, 2 - Dichloropropane	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	5	ppb	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories.
Benzene	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	5	ppb	No	Discharge from factories; leaching from gas storage tanks and landfills.
Carbon Tetrachloride	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	5	ppb	No	Discharge from chemical plants and other industrial activities.

end.

NTMWD Wylie Water Treatment Plants Water Quality Data for Year 2024 (Cont.)

	Lead and Copper									
Lead and Copper	Date Sampled	Action Level (AL)	90th Percentile	# Sites Over AL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination			
Lead	6/13/2022	15	0.0018	Ö	ppb	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits.			
Copper	6/13/2022	1.30	0.31	0	ppm		Erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives; corrosion of household plumbing systems.			

LEAD AND COPPER RULE: The Lead and Copper Rule protects public health by minimizing lead and copper levels in drinking water, primarily by reducing water corrosivity. Lead and Copper enter drinking water mainly from corrosion of plumbing materials containing lead and copper.

ADDITIONAL HEALTH INFORMATION FOR LEAD: If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. [Customer] is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

Unregulated Contaminants

Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	Units	Likely Source of Contamination
Chloroform	2024	34.9	6.87 - 34.9	ppb	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Bromoform	2024	1.83	<1.00 - 1.83	ppb	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Bromodichloromethane	2024	14.9	8.81 - 14.9	ppb	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Dibromochloromethane	2024	7.09	5.94 - 7.09	ppb	By-product of drinking water disinfection.

NOTE: Bromoform, chloroform, bromodichloromethane, and dibromochloromethane are disinfection by-products. There is no maximum contaminant level for these chemicals at the entry point to distribution. These contaminants are included in the Disinfection By-Products TTHM compliance data.

Secondary and Other Constituents Not Regulated

Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	Units	Likely Source of Contamination
Aluminum	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	ppm	Erosion of natural deposits.
Calcium	2024	66.5	35.4 - 66.5	ppm	Abundant naturally occurring element.
Chloride	2024	95.3	15.4 - 95.3	ppm	Abundant naturally occurring element, used in water purification; by-product of oil field activity.
Iron	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	ppm	Erosion of natural deposits; iron or steel water delivery equipment or facilities.
Magnesium	2024	9.84	5.88 - 9.84	ppm	Abundant naturally occurring element.
Manganese	2024	0.082	0.029 - 0.082	ppm	Abundant naturally occurring element.
Nickel	2024	0.0067	0.0048 - 0.0067	ppm	Erosion of natural deposits.
рН	2024	8.9	7.4 - 8.9	units	Measure of corrosivity of water.
Silver	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	ppm	Erosion of natural deposits.
Sodium	2024	88.7	35.5 - 88.7	ppm	Erosion of natural deposits; by-product of oil field activity.
Sulfate	2024	165	39.6 - 165	ppm	Naturally occurring; common industrial by-product, by- product of oil field activity.
Total Alkalinity as CaCO3	2024	128	56.5 - 128	ppm	Naturally occurring soluble mineral salts.
Total Dissolved Solids	2024	509	271 - 509	ppm	Total dissolved mineral constituents in water.
otal Hardness as CaCO3	2024	202	105 - 202	ppm	Naturally occurring calcium.
Zinc	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	ppm	Moderately abundant naturally occurring element used in the metal industry.

Violations Table

	Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation
Γ				

PWSs are required to report UCMR results in the CCR when unregulated contaminants are found (i.e., measured at or above minimum reporting levels [MRLs]), and must report the average and range of the monitoring results for the report year. Additionally, PWSs are required to notify customers through Tier 3 Public Notification (PN) about the availability of all UCMR results no later than 12 months after they are known by the PWS. If timing and delivery requirements are met, systems may include their PN within the CCR, also known as annual drinking water quality report. EPA has resources for PWSs available on the CCR and PN Compliance help webpages.

Contaminants	Collection	Average Level	Range of Levels	WIKL	Units	Likely Source or Contamination
PFxA (CAS 307-24-4)	2024	0.00766	0.0029		ppb	
PFBS (CAS375-73-5)	2024	0.00581	0.0029			
PFPeA (CAS 2706-90-3)	2024	0.00849	0.0029			
PFBA (CAS 375-22-4)	2024	0.0108	0.0029			

Lead Service Line Inventory

North Texas Municipal Water District has completed its service line inventory and determined through field investigations that no lead, galvanized requiring replacement, or lead status unknown service lines are in the system. To view and access the service line inventory, go to https://www.ntmwd.com/200/Water-Quality.

2024 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report (Consumer Confidence Report)

Annual Water Quality Report for the period of January 1 to December 31. 2024 PWS ID Number TX 1290003.

This report is intended to provide you with important information about your drinking water and the efforts made the water system to provide safe drinking water.

CITY OF KAUFMAN is Purchased Surface Water for more information regarding this report contact:

Director of Public Works
Tim Hopwood
Office Phone Number:
(972)-962-8007

Public Participation Opportunities

Date: Wednesday, April 09th, 2025

Time: 10:00 a.m.

Location: Public Works Office

1003 W. Grove

Phone Number: 972-962-8007

To Learn about future public meetings (concerning your drinking water) or to request to schedule one, please call us.

Source of Drinking Water: The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals, and in some cases, radioactive material, and can pickup substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. Drinking water, including bottled water, may

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reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPAs Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800)-426-4791.

Addition Health and Lead Information below:

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain

contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health. Contaminants may be found in drinking water that may case taste, color or odor problems. These types of problems are not necessarily caused for health concerns. For more information on taste, odor, or color of drinking water, please contact the system's business office. You may be more vulnerable than the general population to certain microbial contaminants, such as Cryptosporidium, in drinking water, infants, some elderly, or immunocompromised persons such as those undergoing chemotherapy for cancer; persons who have undergone organ transplants; those who are undergoing treatment with steroids; and people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, can be particularly at risk from infections. You should seek advice about drinking water from your physician or health care providers. Additional guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800)-426-4791).

Lead in Home Plumbing: If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. We are responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but we cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 minutes to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in our water, you may wish to have your water tested Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hot line or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

En Español

Este informe incluye information important sobre el agua potable. Si tiene preguntas o comentarios sobre éste informe en español, favor de llamar al tel. (972) 962-8007- para hablar con una persona bilingüe en español.

Information about Source Water Assessments

- 1. Source Water Susceptibility Assessment for your drinking water sources(s) is currently being updated by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality. This information describes the susceptibility and types of constituents that may come into contact with your drinking water source based on human activities and natural conditions. The information contained in the assessment allows us to focus source water protection strategies. For more information about your sources of water, please refer to the Source Water Assessment Viewer available at the following URL: http// gis3.tceq.state.tx.us/swav/Controller/index.jsp? wtrsrc=
- 2. Further details about sources and source-water assessments are available in Drinking Water Watch at the following URL: http://dww.tceq.texas.gov./DWW

Source Water Name: SW FROM NORTH TEXAS MWD I/C WITH TX0430044

Type of Water:

SW

Report Status:

Active

Location: Lake Lavon

Contaminants that may be present in source water in-

-Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.

Inorganic contaminants, such as salt and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic waste water discharge, oil and gas production, mining, and farming.

Pesticides and herbicides, which can come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses.

Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.

Water Conservation

Our usable water supply is finite (we do not have an endless supply) so its up to each and every one of us to save water. Residents can do their part in conserving water and saving money in the process by becoming conscious of the amount of water your household is using. And by looking for ways to use less whenever possible. Here are a few tips:

- Automatic dishwashers use 15 gallons for every cycle, regardless of how many dishes are loaded. So make sure to load it to capacity.
- Turn off the tap when brushing your teeth.
- Check the faucets in the house for leaks. A slow drip can waste 15 to 20 gallons a day. Fix it and you can save almost 6,000 gallons per year.
- Check your toiles for leaks by putting a few drops of food coloring in the tank. Watch for a few minutes to see if the color shows up in the bowl. It is not uncommon to lose up to 100 gallons a day from an invisible tollet leak. Fix it and save more than 30,000 gallons a year.
- Use your water meter to detect hidden leaks. Simply turn off all taps and water-using appliances. Then check the meter after 15 minutes. If it moved, you have a leak.

Water Main Flushing

Distribution mains (pipes) convey water to homes, business, and hydrants in your neighborhood. The water entering distribution mains is of very high quality; however, water quality can deteriorate in areas of the distribution mains over time. Water mains flushing is the process of cleaning the interior of water distribution mains by sending a rapid flow of water through the mains. Flushing maintains water quality in several ways. For example, flushing removes sediments like iron and manganese. Although iron and manganese do not themselves pose a health concerns, they can effect the taste, clarity, and color of the water. Additionally, sediments can shield microorganisms from the disinfecting power of the chlorine, contributing to the growth of microorganisms within the distribution mains. Flushing helps remove stale water and ensures the presence of fresh water with sufficient dissolved oxygen and disinfectant levels, and an acceptable taste and smell. During flushing operations in your neighborhood, some short-term deterioration of water quality, through uncommon, is possible. You should avoid tap water for household use as such times. If you do use the tap., allow your cold water to run for a few minutes at full velocity before use, and avoid using hot water, to prevent sediment accumulation in your hot water tank. Please contact us if you have any questions or if you would like more information on our water main flushing schedule.

Water Quality Test Results:

Definitions: the following tables contain scientific terms and measures, some of which may require explanation.

Avg: Regulatory compliance with some MCLs are based on running annual average of monthly samples

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL):

The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Level I Assessment: A level I assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG):

The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected health risk. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Level 2 Assessment: A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL)

The highest level of disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG)

The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health, MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contamination

MFL million fibers per liter (a measure of asbestos)

NA: not applicable.

mrem: millirems per year (a measure of radiation absorbed by the body).

NTU nephelometric turbidity units (a measure of turbidity)

pCi/L picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity).

ppb; micrograms per liter or parts per billion or one ounce in 7,350,000 gallons of

ppm: milligrams per liter or pars per million-or one ounce in 7,350 gallons of water.

TT (Treatment Technique); A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

ppt parts per trillion, or nanograms per liter (ng/L)

ppq. parts per quadrillion, or pictograms per liter (pg/L)

City of Kaufman Water Quality Data for Year 2024

			Water Qualit	ty Data f	or Ye	ear 20	24	
		e de la compania	Co	liform Bact	eria			HISTORIANI WALLEST AND A STATE OF THE
Maximum Contaminant	Total Coliform Maximum Contaminant Level		Highest No. of Positive	Fecal Coliform or E. Coli Maximum		Total No. of Positive E. Coll or Fecal Collform Samples		Likely Source of Contamination
0	1 positive	monthly sample	3	0		3	N	Naturally present in the environment.
NOTE: Reported monthly tests		coliform bacteria. Col	iforms are bacteria that are r	naturally present i	n the envir	ronment an	d are used as	an indicator that other,
potentially harmful bacteria ma	y be present.		Regula	ated Contar	ninants	2000		
Disinfection By- Products	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Total Haloacetic Acids (HAA5)	2024	20	14.9-27.9	No goal for the total	60	ppb	N	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM)	2024	40	25.9-54.2	No goal for the total	80	ppb	N	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Bromate	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	5	10	ppb	No	By-product of drinking water ozonation.
NOTE: Not all sample results	may have been	used for calculating th	ne Highest Level Detected be	cause some resu	its may be	e part of an	evaluation to d	determine where compliance
sampling should occur in the fu	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Antimony	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	6	6	ppb	No	Discharge from petroleum refineries; fire retardants; ceramics; electronics; solder, and test addition.
Arsenic	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	0	10	ppb	No	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff fro glass and electronics production wastes.
Barlum	2024	0.06	0.04 - 0.06	2	2	ppm	No	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refinerie erosion of natural deposits.
Beryllium	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	4	4	ppb	No	Discharge from metal refineries and coal-burning factories; discharge from electrical, aerospace, and defense industrie
Cadmium	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	5	5	ppb	No	Corrosion of galvanized pipes; erosion of natural deposits, discharge from metal refineries; runoff from waste batteries and paints.
Chromium	2024	1.3	1.3 - 1.3	100	100	ppb	No	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits.
Cyanide	2024	128	28.5 - 128	0-0	200	ppb	No	Discharge from steel/metal factories; Discharge from plastics and fertilizer factories.
Fluoride	2024	0.712	0.316 - 0.712	4	4	ppm	No	Erosion of natural deposits, water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.
Mercury	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	2	2	ppb	No	Erosion of natural deposits, discharge from refineries and factories; runoff from landfills; runoff from cropland.
Nitrate (measured as Nitrogen)	2024	0.926	0.0592 - 0.926	10	10	ppm	No	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks; sewage; erosion of natural deposits.
Selenium	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	50	50	ppb	No	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines.
Thallium	2024	Levels lower than	0-0	0.5	2	ppb	No	Discharge from electronics, glass, and leaching from ore- processing sites; drug factories.
	nking water at li may rise quick!	avels above 10 nom is	s a health risk for infants of le ime because of rainfall or ag	ess than six month ricultural activity.	s of age. If you are	High nitrate caring for a	levels in drink in infant you sh	ing water can cause blue rould ask advice from your health
Radioactive Contaminants	Collection	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Beta/photon emitters	2024	5.3	5.3 - 5.3	0	50	pCI/L	No	Decay of natural and man-made deposits.
					+	_		

0

0

0-0

0-0

15

5

pCi/L

pCl/L

No

No

Erosion of natural deposits.

Erosion of natural deposits.

Levels lower than detect level Levels lower than detect level

2024

2024

Gross alpha excluding radon and uranium

Radium

City of Kaufman Water Quality Data for Year 2024 (Cont.)

Synthetic organic contaminants including pesticides and herbicides	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
2, 4, 5 - TP (Silvex)	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	50	50	ppb	No	Residue of banned herbicide.
2, 4 - D	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	70	70	ppb	No	Runoff from herbicide used on row crops.
Alachlor	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	0	2	ppb	No	Runoff from herbicide used on row crops.
Aldicarb	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	1	3	ppb	No	Runoff from agricultural pesticide.
Aldicarb Sulfone	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	1	2	ppb	No	Runoff from agricultural pesticide.
Aldicarb Sulfoxide	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	1	4	ppb	No	Runoff from agricultural pesticide.
Atrazine	2024	0.1	0.1 - 0.1	3	3	ppb	No	Runoff from herbicide used on row crops.
Benzo (a) pyrene	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	0	200	ppt	No	Leaching from linings of water storage tanks and distribution
Carbofuran	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	40	40	ppb	No	Leaching of soil furnigant used on rice and alfalfa.
Chlordane	2022	Levels lower than	0-0	0	2	ppb	No	Residue of banned termiticide.
Dalapon	2022	Levels lower than	0-0	200	200	ppb	No	Runoff from herbicide used on rights of way.
Di (2-ethylhexyl) adipate	2024	detect level	0-0	400	400	ppb	No	Discharge from chemical factories.
Di (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	2024	detect level Levels lower than	0-0	0	6	ppb	No	Discharge from rubber and chemical factories.
Dibromochloropropane	2022	detect level Levels lower than	0-0	0	200	ppt	No	Runoff / leaching from soil furnigant used on soybeans, cotton, pineapples, and orchards.
(DBCP) Dinoseb	2022	Levels lower than	0-0	7	7	ppb	No	Runoff from herbicide used on soybeans and vegetables.
Endrin	2024	Levels lower than	0-0	2	2	ppb	No	Residue of banned insecticide.
	2024	detect level Levels lower than	0-0	0	50	ppt	No	Discharge from petroleium refineries.
Ethylene dibromide		detect level Levels lower than	0-0	0	400	ppt	No	Residue of banned termitlicide.
Heptachlor	2024	detect level Levels lower than		0	200	ppt	No	Breakdown of heptachlor.
Heptachlor epoxide	2024	detect level	0+0	-	+		No	Discharge from metal refineries and agricultural chemical
Hexachlorocyclopentadien	2024	detect level	0-0	0	1	ppb		factories.
e e	2024	detect level	0-0	50	50	ppb	No	Discharge from chemical factories. Runoff / leaching from insecticide used on cattle, lumber,
Lindane	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	200	200	ppt	No	and gardens.
Methoxychlor	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	40	40	ppb	No	Runoff / leaching from insecticide used on fruits, vegetables alfalfa, and livestock.
Oxamyl [Vydate]	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	200	200	ppb	No	Runoff / leaching from insecticide used on apples, potatoes and tomatoes.
Pentachlorophenol	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	0	1	ppb	No	Discharge from wood preserving factories.
Picioram	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	500	500	ppb	No	Herbicide runoff.
Simazine	2024	0.071	0.071 - 0.071	4	4	ppb	No	Herbicide runoff.
Toxaphene	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	3	ppb	No	Runoff / leaching from insecticide used on cotton and cattle
Volatile Organic Contaminants	Collection	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
1, 1, 1 - Trichloroethane	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	200	200	ppb	No	Discharge from metal degreasing sites and other factories.
1, 1, 2 - Trichloroethane	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	3	5	ppb	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories.
1, 1 - Dichloroethylene	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	7	7	ppb	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories.
1, 2, 4 - Trichlorobenzene	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	70	70	ppb	No	Discharge from textile-finishing factories.
1, 2 - Dichloroethane	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	0	5	ppb	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories.
1, 2 - Dichloropropane	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	0	5	ppb	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories.
Benzene	2024	Levels lower than	0 - 0	0	5	ppb	No	Discharge from factories; leaching from gas storage tanks and landfills.
Carbon Tetrachloride	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	0	5	ppb	No	Discharge from chemical plants and other industrial activities.

City of Kaufman Water Quality Data for Year 2024 (Cont.)

Volatile Organic Contaminants	Collection	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Chlorobenzene	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	100	100	ppb	No	Discharge from chemical and agricultural chemical factories
Dichloromethane	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	0	5	ppb	No	Discharge from pharmaceutical and chemical factories.
Ethylbenzene	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	0	700	ppb	No	Discharge from petroleum refineries.
Styrene	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	100	100	ppb	No	Discharge from rubber and plastic factories; leaching from landfills.
Tetrachloroethylene	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	0	5	ppb	No	Discharge from factories and dry cleaners.
Toluene	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	1	1	ppm	No	Discharge from petroleum factories.
Trichloroethylene	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	0	5	ppb	No	Discharge from metal degreasing sites and other factories.
Vinyl Chloride	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	0	2	ppb	No	Leaching from PVC piping; discharge from plastics factories
Xylenes	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	10	10	ppm	No	Discharge from petroleum factories; discharge from chemical factories
cis - 1, 2 - Dichloroethylene	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	70	70	ppb	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories.
o - Dichlorobenzene	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	600	600	ppb	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories.
p - Dichlorobenzene	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	75	75	ppb	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories,
trans - 1, 2 - Dicholoroethylene	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	100	100	ppb	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories.

Turbidity

	Limit (Treatment Technique)	Level Detected	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Highest single measurement	1 NTU	0.93	No	Soil runoff.
Lowest monthly percentage (%) meeting limit	0.3 NTU	96.7%	No	Soil runoff.

NOTE: Turbidity is a measurement of the cloudiness of the water caused by suspended particles. We monitor it because it is a good indicator of water quality and the effectiveness

of our filtration

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level

Disinfectant Type	Year	Average Level of Quarterly Data	Lowest Result of Single Sample	Highest Result of Single Sample	MRDL	MRDLG	Units	Source of Chemical
Chlorine Residual (Chloramines)	2024	2.6	1.4	3.7	4.00	<4.0	ppm	Disinfectant used to control microbes.
Chlorine Dioxide	2024	0.027	0	0.82	0.80	0.80	ppm	Disinfectant.
Chlorite	2024	0.187	0	0.95	1.00	N/A	ppm	Disinfectant.

NOTE: Water providers are required to maintain a minimum chlorine disinfection residual level of 0.5 parts per million (ppm) for systems disinfecting with chloramines and an annua

NOTE: Water providers are required to maintain a minimum chlorine disinfe average chlorine disinfection residual level of between 0.5 ppm and 4 ppm.

Total Organic Carbon

The percentage of Total Organic Carbon (TOC) removal was measured each month and the system met all TOC removal requirements set.

Cryptosporidium and Giardia

Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	Units	Likely Source of Contamination	
Cryptosporidium	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	(Oo) Cysts/L	Human and animal fecal waste. Naturally present in the environment.	
Glardia	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	(Oo) Cysts/L	Human and animal fecal waste. Naturally present in the environment.	

City of Kaufman Water Quality Data for Year 2024 (Cont.)

Lead and Copper

Lead and Copper	Date Sampled	Action Level (AL)	90th Percentile	# Sites Over AL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Lead	2022	15	0	0	ppb	N	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of nature deposits.
Copper	2022	1.30	0.346	0	ppm		Erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives; corrosion of household plumbing systems.

LEAD AND COPPER RULE: The Lead and Copper Rule protects public health by minimizing lead and copper levels in drinking water, primarily by reducing water corrosivity.

Lead and Copper enter drinking water mainly from corrosion of plumbing materials containing lead and copper.

ADDITIONAL HEALTH INFORMATION FOR LEAD: If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. City of Kaufman is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.eps.gov/safewater/lead.

Unregulated Contaminants

Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	Units	Likely Source of Contamination
Chloroform	2024	31.4	7.37-31.8	ppb	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Bromoform	2024	1.61	1.3-1.63	ppb	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Bromodichloromethane	2024	15.2	9.88-15.4	ppb	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Dibromochioromethane	2024	7.89	6,53-8.49	ppb	By-product of drinking water disinfection.

NOTE: Bromoform, chloroform, bromodichloromethane, and dibromochloromethane are disinfection by-products. There is no maximum contaminant level for these chemicals at the entry point to distribution. These contaminants are included in the Disinfection By-Products TTHM compliance data.

Secondary and Other Constituents Not Regulated

Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	Units	Likely Source of Contamination
Aluminum	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	ppm	Erosion of natural deposits.
Calcium	2024	66.5	35.4 - 66.5	ppm	Abundant naturally occurring element
Chloride	2024	95.3	15,4 - 95.3	ppm	Abundant naturally occurring element; used in water purification; by-product of oil field activity.
Iron	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	ppm	Erosion of natural deposits; iron or steel water delivery equipment or facilities.
Magnesium	2024	9.84	5.88 - 9.84	ppm	Abundant naturally occurring element.
Manganese	2024	0.082	0.029 - 0.082	ppm	Abundant naturally occurring element.
Nickel	2024	0.0067	0.0048 - 0.0067	ppm	Erosion of natural deposits.
рН	2024	8.9	7.4 - 8.9	units	Measure of corrosivity of water.
Silver	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	ppm	Erosion of natural deposits.
Sodium	2024	88.7	35.5 - 88.7	ppm	Erosion of natural deposits; by-product of oil field activity.
Sulfate	2024	165	39.6 - 165	ppm	Naturally occurring; common industrial by-product; by- product of oil field activity.
Total Alkalinity as CaCO3	2024	128	56.5 - 128	ppm	Naturally occurring soluble mineral salts.
Total Dissolved Solids	2024	509	271 - 509	ppm	Total dissolved mineral constituents in water.
Total Hardness as CaCO3	2024	202	105 - 202	ppm	Naturally occurring calcium.
Zinc	2024	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	ppm	Moderately abundant naturally occurring element used in the metal industry.

Violations Table

Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation